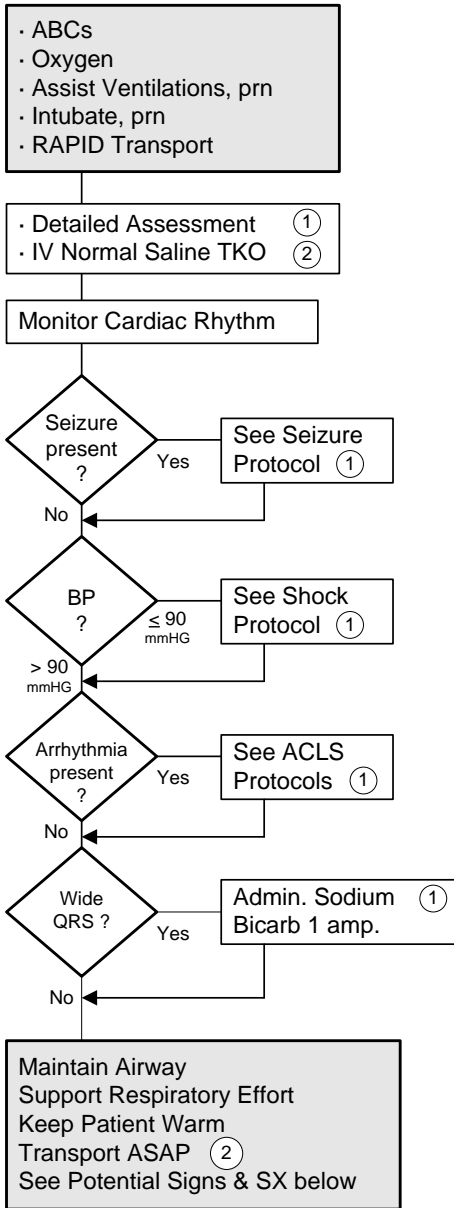


Overdose: Tricyclic

ALS Protocol



Tricyclics include: (brand names)
 Amitriptyline (amitril, elavil, endep, emitrip, enovil, etrafon, limbitrol, triavil). Amoxapine (asendin). Desipramine (norpamin). Doxepin (sinaquan). Imipramine (tofranil). Maprotiline (ludiomil). Nortriptyline (aventyl, pamelor). Protriptyline (vivactil). Trimipramine (surmontil).

Document:

- Signs & Symptoms
- Treatment
- Clinical Response to Treatment
- Vital Signs, SpO2
- Cardiac Rhythm
- Airway Management

Glasgow Coma Scale		
Eye	Spontaneous	4
Opening	To Voice	3
	To Pain	2
	None	1
Best	Oriented	5
Verbal	Confused	4
	Inappropriate words	3
Response	Incomprehensible words	2
	None	1
	Best	Obeys Commands
Motor	Localizes Pain	5
	Withdraws (Pain)	4
Response	Flexion	3
	Extension	2
	None	1

Potential Signs & Symptoms of Tricyclic Overdose:
 Wide QRS, tachycardia, ventricular arrhythmias, hypoventilation, decreased LOC, seizures, cardiovascular collapse, hypotension.

- 1 If ANY of the signs or symptoms listed in "Potential Signs & Symptoms of Tricyclic Overdose" exist, alkalinize the patient by administering 1 amp of Sodium Bicarbonate every 30-60 minutes. Goal of alkalinization is a serum pH of 7.50-7.55.
- 2 Notify receiving facility ASAP especially if hypotensive, arrhythmias, or seizure present.